

Arizona Balance of State Continuum of Care **Data Quality Plan**

Quality Data Assures Quality Decisions

Acknowledgements: Solari, Inc. prepared this document under the direction of the Arizona Department of Housing, using the From Intake to Analysis: A Toolkit for Developing a Continuum of Care Data Quality Plan prepared for HUD by Cloudburst Consulting Group



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Approved by the Arizona Balance of State Continuum of Care HMIS Advisory Committee on May 15, 2013. Revised per HUD FY 2024 HMIS Data Standards effective October 1, 2023. Revised in March of 2024 to update contacts, vendor information, and updates to reflect current workflow.

Revisions

Date	New Policy	Revised Policy/Form	Policy Section	Policy or Form Name
12/2014	Add UDEs	2014 HUD Data Standards	Appendix A	HUD Required
6/3/2015	Required data elements for PATH and Outreach Projects	Arizona Path Recording Building Protocols HUD TA 5/15/2015	Timeliness	HUD Required
02/14/2020	Updates to contact and vendor, and updates to reflect current workflow			
9/1/2021	Updates to compliance and monitoring section to clearly delineate roles and responsibilities.			
3/2024	Updated to reflect FY2024 HMIS Data Standards			

Introduction

This document describes the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) data quality plan for the Arizona Balance of State Continuum of Care (AZBOSCOC. It was developed by the BOS HMIS Lead Agency Arizona Department of Housing (ADOH) in conjunction with the AZBOSCOC HMIS Advisory Committee to identify roles and responsibilities and to set policies and protocols regarding data quality. This plan has been reviewed and approved by AZBOSCOC.

This Plan works in conjunction with AZBOSCOC Policies and Procedures and the AZBOSCOC Data Security plan documents. All documents will be reviewed and updated annually to include the latest HUD HMIS data standards and locally developed performance plans.

Purpose

This Plan is to ensure that ongoing data quality monitoring meets or exceeds the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) requirements. The BOS recognizes that readily available, accurate, timely and complete data facilitates the ability to plan and strategize statewide efforts to end homelessness.

Background

HMIS, a locally administered electronic data collection system, stores longitudinal person-level information about the men, women, and children who access homeless and other human services in a community. Because AZBOSCOC receives HUD Continuum of Care (COC) funding, it must implement and maintain an HMIS to capture standardized data about all persons accessing the homeless assistance system. Furthermore, elements of HUD's annual COC funding competition are directly related to a COC's progress in ending homelessness which is supported by data from the HMIS.

In 2004, HUD published in the Federal Register the HMIS Data and Technical Standards which define the requirements for data collection, privacy safeguards, and security controls for all local HMIS. In March 2010, HUD published changes in the HMIS Data Standards Revised Notice incorporating additional data collection requirements for the Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program (HPRP) funded under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA). Final HMIS data standards were published by HUD in 2014 in the HMIS Data Standards Manual, Version 2.1 and the HMIS Data Standards: HMIS Data Dictionary. The most recent HUD HMIS Data Standards is the FY 2024 HMIS Data Standards dated 10/1/2023.

Locally, the Arizona Balance of State HMIS (launched in 2004 with software vendor Bowman Systems, Symmetric Solutions, Inc. as System Administrator providing technical support and training, and ADOH serving as the HMIS Lead Agency. In 2014, Community Information and Referral Services (www.211Arizona.org) took over as the System Administrator for the Balance of State HMIS— (Now Solari, Inc.). In 2018, Wellsky Corporation became the HMIS software vendor and Solari, Inc. is the System Administrator (www.hmisaz.org).

Goals

Maintain data quality

Data quality refers to the reliability and validity of client-level data collected in the HMIS database and measures the extent to which the client data in the database reflects actual client information. Reliable

data revolves around assessment characteristics such as timeliness, completeness and accuracy. This document sets policies to maintain data quality.

Formalize monitoring plan

Constant and consistent analysis and reporting of HMIS data at both the program and aggregate system levels assure a greater level of data reliability and validity. The monitoring plan outlines the set of procedures performed on a regular, on-going basis and includes the timeline and frequency to review data. It tracks and generates information necessary to identify areas for data quality improvement. Data Quality

Components and Policies

There are three necessary components to maintaining data quality: timeliness, completeness, and accuracy of data entry.

1. Timeliness

Entering data in a timely manner reduces human error and ensures community data accessibility.

Policy: Daily Timeframe

Each program type enters applicable data as soon as possible but within the prescribed timeframe:

Data Entry Timeframe

PROGRAM TYPE	DATA ELEMENT	TIMEFRAME ENTRY
Emergency Shelters:	Universal Data Elements,	7 calendar days after the
	Housing Check-In/Check-	check-in/check-out time
	Out	
Transitional and	Universal Data Elements,	7 calendar days
Permanent Supportive	Program: Check-In/Check-	
Housing Programs:	Out	
Rapid Re-Housing and	Universal Data Elements,	7 calendar days after
Homelessness	Program-Specific Data	enrollment/eligibility is
Prevention Programs:	Elements	established
Outreach Programs:	Limited data elements; non-	7 calendar days of the
	identified client information	initial encounter. Upon
	or aliases are allowed while	engagement for services,
	outreach staff develop	the client record must be
	client relationships and	amended with individually
	when client refuses to	identifiable information, all
	provide information.	remaining Universal Data
	Programs are required to	Elements, and all Program
	keep track of non-identified	Specific Data Elements and
	client and alias information	be entered within 7
	and must not create a new	calendar days of client
	record if one already exists	engagement.

Policy: Monthly Timeframe

Each Agency Administrator must review all data for the month <u>by the fourth working day of the following month</u>. Example: All data for the month of January is complete and accurate by February fourth.

2. Completeness

All data entered into the HMIS shall be complete with a goal to collect 100% of all data elements; however, the AZBOSCOC recognizes that this may not be possible in all cases. Therefore, the BOS established an acceptable range of null/missing and unknown/don't know/refused responses, depending on the data element and the type of program entering data.

Policy: Unique ID numbers

All clients receive a unique HMIS ID number which is automatically generated by the HMIS.

Policy: All Clients Served

All HMIS programs enter data on one hundred percent (100%) of their served clients.

Policy: Missing/Unknown data

Must be less than 5% per month in HUD required variable fields.

Acceptable Missing or Unknown Response Range by Program Type

	TH, PSH, RRH, HP		ESG, Non-HUD SSO		OUTREACH-date of enrollment	
Data Element	Missing	Unknown	Missing	Unknown	Missing	Unknown
First & Last Name	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
SSN	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	5%
Date of birth	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	2%
Race	0%	5%	0%	5%	0%	5%
Ethnicity	0%	5%	0%	5%	0%	5%
Gender	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Veteran Status (Adults)	0%	5%	0%	5%	0%	5%
Disabling Condition (adults)	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	5%
Residence Prior to Entry	0%	0%	0%	0%	N/A	N/A
Income & Benefits (Entry)	0%	0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Income & Benefits (Exit)	0%	5%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Add'1 PDES (Adults, Entry)	0%	5%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Destination (Exit)	0%	5%	0%	30%	N/A	N/A

Policy: Bed Count

Agency Administrators are required to contact Solari to update bed and unit counts in the HMIS database when there is a change in beds or units.

Data Entry Timeframe for Bed Counts

PROGRAM TYPE	TIMEFRAME ENTRY
Emergency shelters	monthly, within 4 days of the month's end
Scattered-site programs (TH or PH)	quarterly, within 4 days of the month's end
Project-based program	annually, within 4 days of the contract end date

Policy: Bed Utilization Rate

Upon exiting a program, the User exits the client from the bed or unit in the HMIS. The acceptable range of bed/unit utilization rates for established projects is:

Bed Utilization Rate (Calculated Beds available/Beds used)

PROGRAM TYPE	PERCENTAGE UTILIZED
Emergency shelters	75-105%
Transitional Housing	80-105%
Permanent Supportive Housing	85%-105%

Exception: Since new projects may require time to reach the projected occupancy numbers, the bed utilization rate requirement will be relaxed during the first operating year.

3. Accuracy

Accurate data provides a view of homelessness and the services provided by a community within the AZBOSCOC. Imprecise or false data creates an inaccurate picture of homelessness within a community and may either create or diminish gaps in services. Every agency must understand and emphasize to clients and staff the importance of accurate information.

Periodic updates and error correction must be completed monthly. HMIS data must accurately reflect the client data and services provided within the agency's client file. For example, the HMIS "Shelter Exit Date" must be the actual date the client physically exited the shelter.

Policy: Inaccurate data

AZBOSCOC strictly prohibits recording inaccurate information. In the case of a client who refuses to provide correct personal information, enter "client refused."

Policy: Data consistency

End-Users collect and enter data in a common and consistent manner across all programs and agencies. All end-users will receive initial training by Solari before accessing the live HMIS system. This ensures the data is understood, collected, and entered in an organized manner. Periodic advanced training and refresher courses also help to maintain the standard.

Policy: Aliases

When a client refuses to provide his/her or dependent's personal information and the program funder does not prohibit it, the End-user may enter client data under an alias using the following:

- Create the client record, including any family members, under an **assumed** first & last name
- Set the date of birth to 1/1/XXXX, where XXXX is the actual year of birth
- Answer any other identifiable elements as "client refused"
- Make a notation of the alias in paper client file and include the corresponding HMIS Client ID

An alias may not be added if a client's record already exists in HMIS database.

Note: Entering Alias client records may affect the Agency's overall data completeness and accuracy rates; also, the Agency holds responsibility for any duplication of services that may result from hiding the actual name under an alias.

Policy: Data Consistency Checks

Agency Administrators will check accuracy and consistency of data by running quarterly program pre-enrollment, co-enrollment, or post-enrollment data analysis to ensure that the data "flows" in a consistent and accurate manner. For example, the following instances will be flagged and reported as errors:

- Mismatch between exit/entry data in subsequent enrollment cases
- Co-enrollment or overlapping enrollment in the same program type
- Conflicting assessments
- Household composition errors

Exception: With the approval of the HMIS Lead Agency, the System Administrator may serve as Agency Administrator for agencies with limited staff.

Data Quality Monitoring Plan

ADOH, the HMIS lead agency, works with the System Administrator to run the data completeness report on each agency monthly. Agencies are contacted if data completeness falls below the 98% threshold. Roles and responsibilities of monitoring for each policy are outlined in this section.

Policy: Data Timeliness

The Agency Administrator:

Runs and reviews the timelines section of APR or CAPER for the relevant program.

The System Administrator:

- Reviews the report and assists the agency regarding any issues.
- Reports persistent issues to ADOH for advisement.

Policy: Data Completeness

The Agency Administrator:

- Runs and reviews reports such as the APR, Universal Data Quality, or custom ART or Report Writer reports.
- Compares any missing rates to the data completeness benchmarks (Acceptable Missing or Unknown Response Range chart, page 4).

The System Administrator:

- Reviews the report and assists the agency regarding any issues.
- Reports persistent issues to ADOH for advisement.

Agency Administrator Tasks	If annual number of households served < 200	If annual number of households served > 200
Run Open Cases Report Exit cases that should be closed. Enter cases that should be open.	Monthly	Weekly
Run Missing Data Report Correct missing data to be within thresholds. (See Page 4.)	Monthly	Weekly
If shelter, run Bed List Report Check Bed List to verify that number of open cases on HMIS report equals number of households on Bed List.	Monthly	Weekly

Policy: Data Accuracy

Agency administrators are required to run a data accuracy report monthly. If data accuracy falls below the 98% threshold, agency administrators are to contact CRN. The review only includes parts of the client file which contain the HMIS required information and excludes any non-relevant or personal information.

The Agency Administrator:

 Should run data accuracy monthly. Should notify the systems administrator if data accuracy falls below 98% threshold

The System Administrator

Will review all data accuracy reports that are submitted to the HMIS Help desk

Note: Data quality monitoring may be performed outside of the regularly scheduled reviews if requested by program funders or other interested parties (the agency itself, HMIS Lead Agency, COC, HUD, or other Federal and local government agencies).

Compliance

Monitoring and enforcing data quality is a joint responsibility between agencies, the HMIS Team, the CoC and funders.

Agencies: Agencies are responsible for running their own data quality reports on each of their programs on a monthly basis. Each program should monitor their programs with three reports: the 0252 Data Completeness Report Card, the 0640 HUD Data Quality Framework and a program specific performance report like the APR or CAPER.

HMIS Team: The HMIS team will conduct a monthly Data Quality audit. Any program which falls below the required DQ thresholds established will be notified and offered support on improving data quality. That support may come in the form of specific instructions to remedy errors or required training. If a program falls below the Data Quality threshold for three consecutive months, the HMIS Team will notify the HMIS Committee about the concern. This notification will be made through the monthly performance reporting done by HMIS.

HMIS Committee: The HMIS Committee is responsible for supporting the HMIS Team and Agencies in enforcing the Data Quality Plan. Should an agency fall below the data quality thresholds and is unable to remedy the concerns with support of the HMIS Team, the data subcommittee may take the following actions: recommend required training, provide notification to funders or the CoC Board or recommend the agency's data entry be ceased until such a time their data quality can be improved.

Funders: Funders of homeless programs are encouraged to hold programs accountable to the data quality plan by taking an active role in monitoring and enforcing data quality. This can be done by requiring the submission of standard data quality reports and setting minimum data quality thresholds as part of contract performance.

Data Quality Reports

The System Administrator:

- Runs data quality-monitoring reports.
- Contacts Agency Administrator or End-user regarding data entry quality.
- Assists Agency Administrator in finding causes and recommends corrective measures.
- Notifies ADOH about non-compliance for required HMIS participation when the agency fails to make corrections and/or makes repeated or excessive data quality errors.

ADOH:

- Reviews HMIS data quality reports and certifies funding applications, including COC and ESG programs.
- May recommend that the COC deny funding due to low HMIS data quality scores.

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https://housing.az.gov/documents-links/forms/special-needs-continuum?tid_2=409